Credentialing

Presented To:
Wisconsin Emergency Management Association
November 11, 2009

By: Chief Brian M. Satula, President, MABAS-Wisconsin

Why Credential Personnel?

- Initiated due to Pentagon access on 9/11
- Prevents self-deployment, WTC on 9/11
- NIMS objective (from HSPD 12) establishing Federal personal identity proofing, registration and issuance
- Provides positive responder identification and qualification
- For resource ordering, tracking and reporting for Intrastate and Inter-state (EMAC) deployments
- For access to Federal facilities "Trust Level"
- Possibly tied to future funding

Who needs to be credentialed?

Answer: Anyone that responds to an emergency.

Public Sector

- Emergency Management
- Emergency Medical Services
- Fire
- Law Enforcement
- Incident Management Teams
- Public Health
- Public Works
- Special Response Teams

Private Sector/NGO's

- Red Cross
- Salvation Army
- Technical Experts
- Telecommunications
- Utility
- Volunteers

What is credentialing?

"It's not just a badge"

Administrative/Identification Process

Incident Command/Management Function

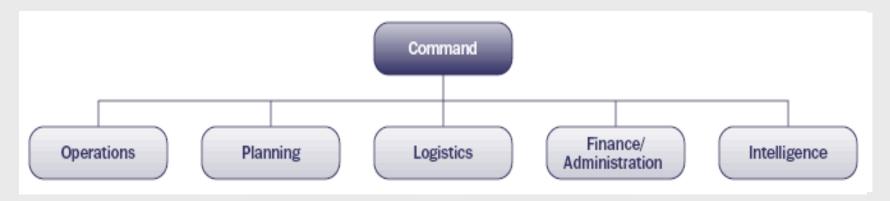
Information Sharing/Collaboration Mechanism

Administrative and Identification Process

- Verifying Identification
- Verifying Qualification(s)
- Issuing the Card
- Assigning a PIN



Incident Command and Resource Management Function



- ✓ Verifying the Card/PIN
- ✓ Verifying the invitation
- Establishing access
- Tracking and Accounting
- Resource management

Information Sharing/Collaboration Mechanism

- Connectivity to the Central Data Base for validation
- Establishes interoperability and real-time information sharing between IC and:
 - Other field resources/facilities
 - Local/County and State (and up to Federal) EOC
 - Hospitals (for multi-casualty)
 - Evacuation centers (evacuee/family unification)
 - Local agencies sending resources
- Supports Multi-Agency Coordination Systems (MACS)

Federal vs. Non-Federal Identification

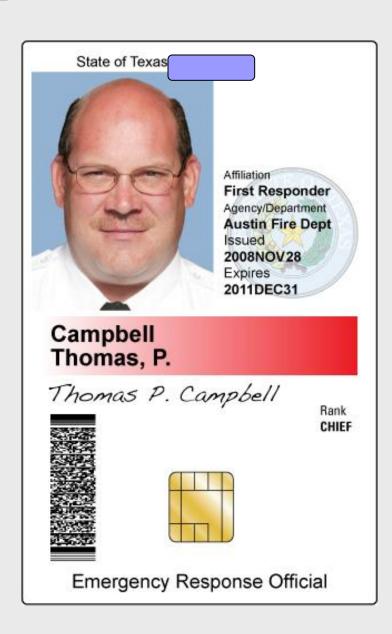
4 Types of Identification Cards:

- Federal Information Processing (FIPS) 201 Standard for Personal Identification Verification (PIV) Card
- PIV Interoperable Card (Non-Federal), a.k.a. FRAC
- PIV Compatible Card (Non-Federal)
- Local or Temporary Card (Site-issued)



FIPS 201 PIV

- Standard established and Federal trusted by departments & agencies
- Issued only by Federal government to Federal departments and agencies
- Contains embedded chip which holds biometric information



PIV-INTEROPERABLE

- Meets FIPS PIV technical specifications
- Includes verification; assures issuing method promotes
 Federally trusted
- Contains embedded chip
- a.k.a First Responder Authentication Credential (FRAC)



PIV-COMPATIBLE or INCIDENT-SPECIFIC CREDENTIAL

- From responder's breeder card
- Issued at point-of-departure (POD) prior to deployment
- Incident/deployment specific or permanent card for intra-state
- Contains pertinent qualifications ordered
- Meets technical specifications, not Federally trusted
- No embedded chip



Issued: 11/11/2009

Expires: 11/13/2009

Name: **Brian Satula** Rank/Title: **Fire Chief**

Agency: Oak Creek Fire Department

Qualifications:

FF-II, FO-III, EMT-B, FADO, FI-I, ISO,

PIO, ICS7, ICS8, IMT-4, HM-O



Patrick Cudahy Fire

TEMPORARY CREDENTIAL

- Issued on site
- Speed of issuance
- For responder's not in the system
- Allows affiliate access
- Used for volunteers,
 VIP/Officials, Media and
 Special Contractors
- Does not meet PIV specs, not Federally trusted

PIV Types - Level of Federal Trust (Reliability)



•FIPS 201 PIV – High



PIV-I (FRAC) – Medium



Locally Produced/
 Site Produced – Low

Important Points to Consider about the Cards:

- Contain proper information name, agency and affiliation
- Photograph of the responder
- Maintain the proper geography
- Issued and Expiration dates
- Contains qualifications abbreviations and barcoded
- Use the PDF 417 bar code
- Higher level of "trust" requires higher level of vetting

Keys to Credentialing:

- Governance: A central authority/ownership; preferably a State Agency
- Processes: Standardization necessary for interoperability; where possible, follow FEMA Job Titles (<u>www.fema.gov</u>):
- Tools: State designed portal, locally available to register, certify and maintain responder qualifications
- Procedures: For determining how and when to initiate in the field, and who is able to access information; must be scalable from manual to electronic

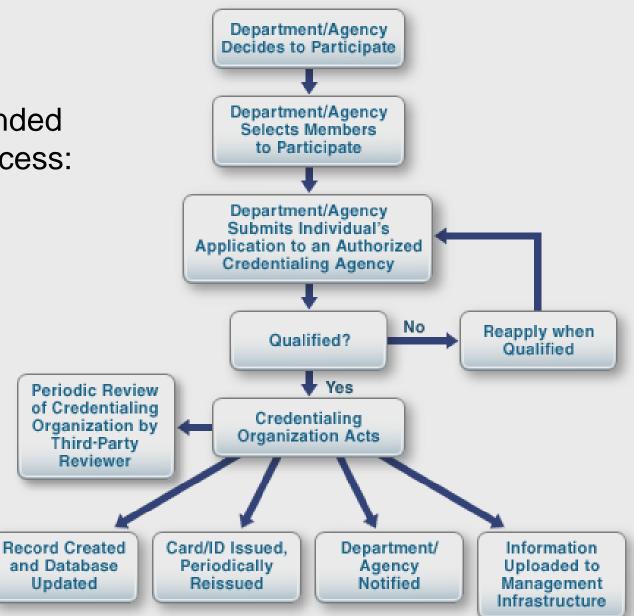
Bottom Line: **GOOD PLANNING!!**

Governance

- Governance responsibilities:
 - Develop the strategic plan
 - Establish the process
 - Develop the timeline
- NIMS Advisory Group:
 - Multi-disciplinary collaboration
 - Establish standards and procedures
 - White Paper guidance
 - Facilitate qualification development
- State Agency:
 - Owner of the central data base
 - Establishes portal/connectivity
 - Maintains the central data base

Process

FEMA recommended credentialing process:



Process

FEMA Job Titles

Education: Formal instruction, core knowledge and skill for entry into a discipline and for performing a job function

<u>Training:</u> Instruction and/or activities that enhance core knowledge, increase skill sets and proficiency, and strengthen abilities

<u>Experience:</u> Time required in a job function for an individual to attain proficiency; measured from the time the individual is "certified"

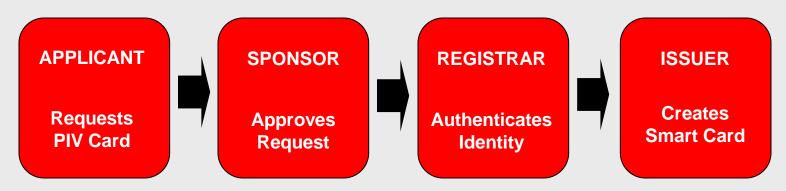
<u>Physical/Medical Fitness:</u> Physical and medical considerations that when applied, help to ensure safe performance in risky environments

<u>Certification:</u> Designation granted by Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) that an individual has met the requirements and achieved specific KSA's

<u>Licensing:</u> Legal designation granted by AHJ, indicating a person has met the necessary legal requirements to function in a job title

Process

The four major parties in FIPS 201/FRAC



Application Process

- Qualified positions discipline authority establishes and worksheets developed
- Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) enters & validates responders from agency on worksheets; sent to Sponsor
- Provides high level information biometric information/digital picture
- Submits applicants to discipline sponsor
- Notifies state agency of changes to applicants qualifications or revocation of FRAC

Sponsorship Process

- Recognized discipline authority
- Sets and approves essential job functions qualification standards
- Establishes new state job functions and qualifications
- Verifies applicant agency sponsor
- Confirms stated essential job functions and qualifications from applicant agency
- Approves FRAC-issuing agent

Registration Process

- Single state agency for all disciplines/responders
- Enters validated applicants into the data base
- Captures biometric information/photo
- Approves card-issuing agents
- Assigns Personal Identification Number (PIN)
- Registers and maintains the responder in a central data base information
- Assures security for central data base and connectivity

Issuance Process

- State agency/discipline approved agent
- Maintains security for field access device(s)
- Prints FRAC's authorized by the Registrar
- Issues FRAC's to applicant agency AHJ
- Provides on-scene in-processing assistance

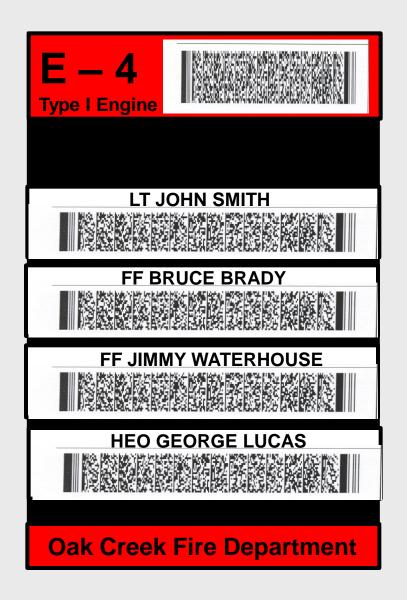
Responder Requirements

- FRAC received from the AHJ or agency head
- FRAC carried at all times
- Notifies AHJ or agency chief/manager of changes in status, qualification and/or certification
- Returns FRAC to AHJ or agency chief/manager when no longer affiliated with agency
- Note certification is not enough to become a responder; must be licensed through a response agency

Tools

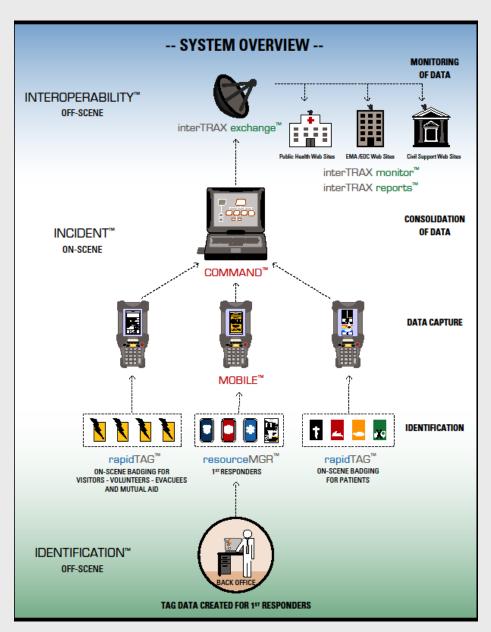
Note: Must be scalable from manual to electronic system of identification and tracking

PassPort Accountability System

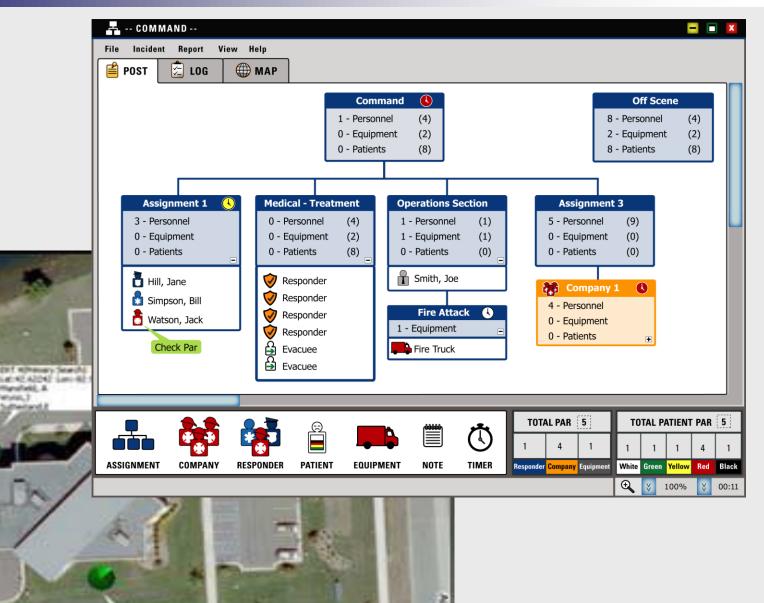




- Off-the-Shelf software products are available
- Incident Command software
- Central data base through a secure web site
- Track incident victims using bar coded Triage Tags
- Evacuees are tracked
- All information can be shared based on permission



Tools

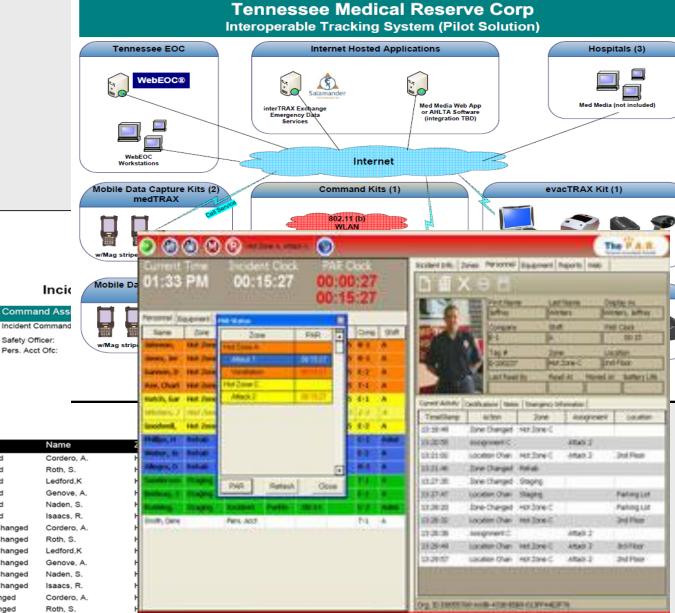


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Tools





Incid

Genove, A

Hot Zone A

Attack 2

1st Floor

Safety Officer:

Pers. Acct Ofc:

Incident Summary

Run No.:

Start Time: 8/5/2009 08:14:55 PM

End Time: 8/5/2009 08:45:54 PM

Notes:

20

08:14:52 Command Est. 08:18:58 RIT Established 08:20:21 Gas Shut-Off 08:22:39 Meter Pulled

08:32:05 Search Complete

8/5/2009 08:16:50 PM

Action Time Stamp Name 8/5/2009 08:15:01 PM Zone Changed Cordero, A. 8/5/2009 08:15:01 PM Zone Changed Roth, S. 8/5/2009 08:15:01 PM Zone Changed Ledford,K 8/5/2009 08:15:07 PM Zone Changed Genove, A. 8/5/2009 08:15:07 PM Zone Changed Naden, S. 8 9 8/5/2009 08:15:07 PM Zone Changed Isaacs, R. 10 8/5/2009 08:15:34 PM Assignment Changed Cordero, A. 11 8/5/2009 08:15:35 PM Assignment Changed Roth, S. 12 8/5/2009 08:15:37 PM Assignment Changed Ledford.K 14 8/5/2009 08:15:50 PM Assignment Changed Genove, A. 8/5/2009 08:15:53 PM 15 Assignment Changed Naden, S. 8/5/2009 08:15:55 PM 16 Assignment Changed Isaacs, R. 17 8/5/2009 08:16:37 PM Location Changed Cordero, A. 8/5/2009 08:16:40 PM 18 Location Changed Roth, S. 19 8/5/2009 08:16:47 PM Location Changed Ledford,K

Location Changed

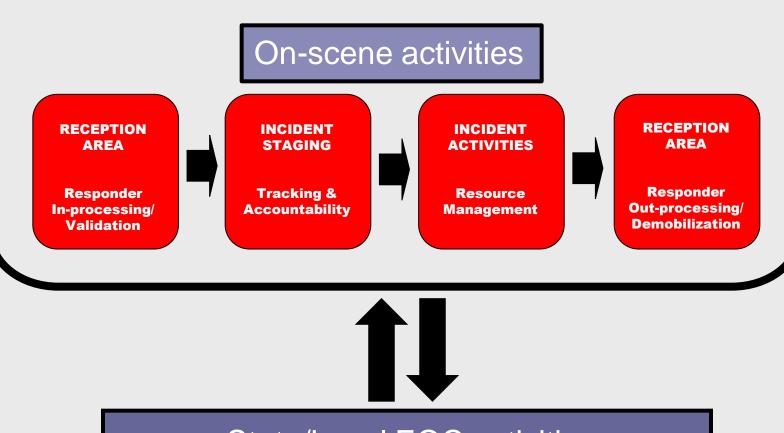
WI Fire Service Emergency Response Plan: Authentication Matrix Procedures

- Reception Area: In-/outprocessing of responders; issues incident credential
- Addresses mobilization and demobilization
- Assures accountability, safety and tracking



- Establishes ICS/EOC interface, central data base;
 Supports Multi-Agency Coordination System
- Provides audit trail for reimbursement and after action reporting

Procedures



State/Local EOC activities

Central Data Base, Public Health/Hospitals, Federal Agencies

Reception Area Procedures

- Provides In-processing
 - □ Credentialing of responders (FRAC + mission orders)
 - Situation report briefing
 - Safety and equipment needs
- Crews are sent to Incident Staging for assignment
- Capable of becoming Base Camp if necessary



How are Responders "Credentialed"?

System must answer the following questions:

What you have? FRAC/FIPS 201 card

What do you know? Enter PIN/CHUID

Who you are? Biometric ID

What do you provide? Qualifications

Are you invited? Mission # & password

Reception Area

- Staffed by Coordinators/IMT members
- Resources validated through the Central Data Base or smart card
- Issued incident-specific credential off breeder card
- Affiliate Access granted for pre-identified volunteers
- Resources electronically tracked on scene – available to Local/County & State EOC through a LAN/WAN





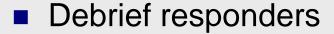
Base

Mob/Demob Procedures

Mobilization

- Central Dispatch Center identifies deployed resources
- ICS Tracking begins ICS software solution; handheld PDA; wireless LAN to IC
- Briefing packets issued:
 - □ Unit Log (ICS 214)
 - □ Incident Action Plan
 - PPE and special instructions
- Sent to Incident Staging Area





- □ After action considerations/information
- □ Collect ICS 214 forms
- □ Provide CISD or advise AHJ for follow up
- Collect special equipment
- Issue return travel plan (fuel, layovers, etc.)
- Notify Local/County and State EOC
- Log resources out



Local/State EOC Interface Procedures



- Receives Request for Assistance from local IC
- Through WEM, activates Response Plan (WFSERP)
- WEM develops mission orders/assigned a password
- Notifies Local/Regional/MABAS dispatch centers
- Dispatch centers return acknowledgement/list
- Send Resource List/password to Reception Area
- Maintains radio/cell phone contact with convoy
- Electronically tracks resources through IC

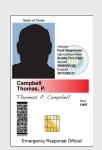
What has been accomplished so far?

- NIMS Advisory Group
 - Incident Action Plan for Credentialing
 - Multi-disciplinary planning
 - WEM NIMS Coordinator position
 - Developing a directive for data points and badge geography, and bar code requirements for compliance with the state credentialing system



- Wisconsin Fire Service Emergency Response Plan
- Credentialing Policy and Authentication Matrix Procedures
- Law Enforcement Credentialing Committee
 - White Paper on L.E. Credentialing
 - Developing Qualifications







Other work on credentialing?



- Private Sector
- Incident Management Teams
- Health
- Emergency Medical Services
- Communications
- Volunteer Organizations
- Many other agencies are inquiring



sconsin

of Natural Resources







Wisconsin Department of Health Services











Wisconsin Credentialing Plan (proposed)

- Identify state agency and funding source(s)
- Development in 4 areas:
 - □ Applicants local AHJ logs personnel (web portal)
 - □ Sponsors each discipline develops resource positions, qualifications, experience and standards
 - □ Registrar State Agency develops secure infrastructure/connectivity and central data base
 - Issuance state and discipline approved (vetted) agencies to issue cards; provide equipment for Issuer Agents
- Merge Credentialing Plan into the ESF operational procedures for each discipline
- Exercise and evaluate

Wisconsin Credentialing Plan

Conclusion:

- A <u>collaborative</u> approach works the best
- The proposed plan is a <u>starting point</u> for discussion.
- Federal and Interstate <u>compatibility</u> is a very important consideration.
- Each discipline has their <u>unique challenges</u> that will require additional discussion/work.
- The <u>strategic plan</u> is imperative goals and objectives must be established before beginning.

QUESTIONS??